

The Indianapolis Sentinel.

VOL. XXXIV--NO. 118.

INDIANAPOLIS, TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 28, 1885.

WHOLE NO. 10,182.

WHEN INDICATIONS.

FOR TUESDAY.—Light local rains and partly cloudy weather; slightly warmer in eastern portion; stationary temperature in western portion; winds shifting to southerly and becoming variable.

SOME OF THE PRETTIEST SHAPES FOR CHILDREN

Ever seen in this market may be found at the

When Clothing Store.

Many of the designs are exclusive, being the product of our own factory, and can not be found outside of our store. We guarantee a saving of from 10 to 25 per cent. at the

WHEN

Richmond

CIGARETTE. Smokers who are willing to pay a little more for cigarettes than the price charged for the ordinary trade cigarettes, will find the RICHMOND STRAIGHT CUT No. 1 SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS. They are made from the finest, most delicately flavored, and highest cost leaf grown in Virginia, and are absolutely without adulteration or drugs. We use the GENUINE FRENCH RICE

Straight Cut NO. 1

PAPER of our own direct importation, which is made especially for us, water marked with the name of the brand, RICHMOND STRAIGHT CUT No. 1, on each cigarette, without which none are genuine. IMITATIONS of this brand have been put on sale, and cigarette smokers are cautioned that this is the ONLY and ORIGINAL brand, and to observe that each package or box of Richmond Straight Cut Cigarettes bears the signature of

ALLEN & GINTER, MANUFACTURERS, RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

ALWAYS THE LATEST

FANCY JEWELRY, FANS, Ladies' Shopping Satchels, Fancy Willow Ware, Japanese Decorations, and Fine Glass and China Ware.

CHARLES MAYER & CO., 29 and 31 West Washington St.

BROWNING & SLOAN, DRUGGISTS, AND DEALERS IN Fine Perfumery and Toilet Articles

Lowest Figures.

C. F. SCHMIDT, Brewer and Bottler of

LAGER BEER.

[South End of Alabama St., Indianapolis Ind.]

FIRST CLASS

All Wool Slater's Blue Flannel Suits, Indigo dye, sold all over at \$15; our price only

\$10!

MODEL.

GENERAL NEWS.

Appointments by the President and Secretaries—Foreman Dickson Acquitted—He Sues Brewster for Libel.

General Grant's Birthday Widely Celebrated—Congratulatory Messages—The Old Hero Slightly Better.

NEWS OF NATIONAL INTEREST.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The President signified his intention of selecting the successor of John Russell Young, United States Minister to China, from California. Those factions of the Democratic party in that State have endorsed Frank McCaig, ex-State Senator, for the position.

The Italian Government having invited the United States to send a delegation to the sanitary conference which is to be held at Rome, on the 17th proximo, the President has designated Major George M. Sternberg, of the army, to represent this Government.

Judge Upson, Second Comptroller of the Treasury, has made a ruling that officers of the army who held the rank of brevet at the time of service of the Mexican war were entitled to three months' extra pay, allowed by Congress for such service, according to the brevet rank held by them at the close of their service.

The fourth-class, or non-Presidential, Post-offices are now having consideration at the hands of Postmaster General Vilas, and new appointments are being made as rapidly as he can consider the cases. Seventy-two appointments were made Saturday, and about sixty to-day. The Postmaster General has issued a circular order to Postmasters, explanatory of the changes made by Congress at the last session in the rates of postage. The Postmasters are informed that on and after July 1 the rate on all domestic first-class matter, including drop letters at letter carrier volleys, will be two cents per ounce or fraction thereof, instead of two cents per half ounce. This change will apply to mail addressed to Canada, but not to other foreign mail. To provide for wants that may arise from the change in the rate on second-class matter, or newspapers mailed by publishers, from two cents to one cent per pound, the department has decided to issue a new paper and periodical stamp of the denomination of one cent, the design of which will be the same as those of the present series. They will be ready for issue on June 1.

The Postmaster General has not yet found time to outline a plan for giving effect to the Congressional enactment providing for the use of "special delivery" stamps at specified Postoffices.

The President to-day appointed James McCall, of Florida, to be Surveyor General of the State of Florida, vice William H. Hicks, whose nomination to that office was not confirmed at the regular session of the Senate.

The Secretary of the Treasury has appointed Hon. George H. Parker, of Iowa, a special agent of the Treasury Department. The President has appointed the following named Presidential Postmasters: Silas K. Montgomery, of Bristol, Hartford County, Connecticut, vice Silas Norton resigned; E. G. Rust, of Daugherty, Ga., vice Charles W. Arnold resigned; S. H. Edwards, of Waterloo, Ia., vice W. H. Hartmann, commission expired; T. W. Lynn, at Grundy Centre, Ia., vice Charles W. Reynolds, resigned; Charles Bronson, at Manchester, Ia., vice William Conley, commission expired.

Admiral Jonett and Commander McCalla have informed the Navy Department that the American forces were withdrawn from Panama yesterday because of promises made by the rebel Alvarado that he would not erect barricades in the streets. The American troops were marched a short distance from the property to the Panama Railroad Company's property, where they were stationed at the time the telegrams were sent to Washington.

Dickson Acquitted—He Sues Ex-Attorney General Brewster for Libel.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—In the Dickson trial this morning ex-Attorney General Brewster was present and took the witness stand. He was asked to state what took place at his interview with Kennedy, early in the Star Route trial. He said that Kennedy came and told him that Dickson wanted to take a ride with him (Kennedy) and talk about the Star Route trials and about what was going on in the jury room. He (Brewster) was indignant, and told Kennedy not to dare talk with the juryman. It would be an outrage upon the Government.

Counsel for the defense objected on the ground that the witness was making a speech for the Government, and not giving testimony. After a short colloquy, the Court ruled that the narration of the conversation was relevant. Witte's proceeding, said he told Kennedy emphatically that he had no right to talk with Dickson, and it would be criminal in him. He (Brewster) would report it to the Court.

"Did Kennedy say anything at that interview about having been told by Brewster Cameron to talk with Dickson?"

"Not a word."

Witness knew ex-Marshall Henry only as a marshal of the court. He remembered an interview with him about the selection of talesmen.

"State whether or not you told Henry that the country would hold him responsible if the defendants were not convicted."

"Never a word. It would be an insult."

that. I called upon him as an accused man. I told him that if it turned out that these salesmen were put there by him designedly, why then he (Brewster) would see him punished, and he (Henry) would never escape the consequences.

"Was there a stenographer concealed behind the screen?"

"There was no screen in the room."

"Was there a stenographer present?"

"Yes sir. He was in plain sight, as near to me and in as plain sight as is the Clerk of the Court now."

"Who was the stenographer?"

"A. R. York, I called at the Department to get him to come here to-day, but found he was in the West taking testimony."

"Mr. Brewster, are you acquainted with Henry A. Brown?"

"No sir." (With great emphasis.) I never saw him but twice in my life."

The District Attorney tried to eject an objection.

Witness—I had rather answer. I have been assaulted about that. I never had three minutes conversation with him in my life.

"Well, you appointed him to an office, did you not?"

"No sir. The general agent appointed him. He selected him, and Mr. Lincoln recommended him."

The Court then stated he could not permit the examination to proceed in that direction any further, so the witness was dismissed. The taking of evidence then closed.

After argument for the prosecution, the defense submitted the case without argument.

Judge McCall then charged the jury. He said the material matter to be inquired into was whether the defendant made an attempt to corrupt the jury. The offense described in the indictment was the reading of a certain writing to the Star-route jury. The reading of the paper was admitted. Whether it was read with corrupt intent should be determined by the circumstances. There was no doubt at all that Mr. Dickson's act in conversing with Bowen about the case during trial, was a most irregular and reprehensible act. He thought the jury was justified in inferring that Bowen did not honestly make an attempt to corrupt Dickson. All the jurors, except one, declared the belief that Dickson did not intend to influence their judgment. He thought there could be no doubt at all that a set of men were set upon that jury to watch them, and many of them undoubtedly mistook their duty and went so far as to involve themselves in crime. Several of the jurors spoke of this in the jury room, and finally a vote was taken, and Mr. Dickson read the paper. From these various circumstances the jury must determine whether he had in his heart at the time a corrupt motive. In order to convict they must be convinced that he entertained a corrupt motive. The jury then retired, and after an absence of half an hour returned a verdict of not guilty.

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Capitol in honor of General Grant's sixty-third anniversary, and another instructing the Speaker to telegraph General Grant congratulations on his improved health. The Speaker sent the following dispatch:

"General U. S. Grant, New York:

"By direction and on behalf of the Representatives of the General Assembly of Illinois, I extend you congratulations on this your sixty-third birthday, and express to you the satisfaction felt by the people of the State of Illinois at the improved condition of your health."

(Signed) "E. M. HAINES, Speaker of the House of Representatives."

CINCINNATI, Ia., April 27.—Sixty-three guns were fired in this city this morning and many business houses were decorated with bunting in commemoration of General Grant's birthday anniversary.

CINCINNATI, O., April 27.—A large meeting was held at Turner Hall to-night, to celebrate the sixty-third anniversary of General Grant's birth. Speeches were made by ex-Congressman Samuel F. Cary, Hon. John Simpson, Hon. Michael Ryan and others. Every reference to General Grant's name brought forth deafening cheers. Among the speakers were General Halbert E. Payne, Green B. Raum, W. W. Bardette, and others. A letter from James G. Blaine was read expressing sympathy with the object of the meeting and regret at his inability to be present.

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